

Katedry genetiky a biochémie PriF UK a občianske združenie *NATURA*



Vás pozývajú na 133. prednášku v rámci Kuželových seminárov:

dr. Marek Šebesta

CEITEC, Masarykova univerzita, Brno, Česká republika

TRANSCRIPTION ON THE EDGE: BALANCING GENE EXPRESSION AND GENOME STABILITY

ktorá sa uskutoční **21. marca 2025** (piatok) o **13:30** v miestnosti **CH1-222** Prírodovedeckej fakulty UK

http://www.naturaoz.org/seminare.html http://www.naturaoz.org/KuzeloveSeminare.html

Marek Sebesta, PhD

Central European Institute for Technology, Masaryk University, Brno, Czechia

-	

2021-present	Senior scientist at CEITEC, Masaryk University, Brno,
Czechia	
2017-2020	PostDoc at CEITEC, Masaryk University, Brno, Czechia
2015-2017	PostDoc at Sir William Dunn School of Pathology, University
	of Oxford, Oxford, UK
2013-2015	PostDoc at The FIRC Institute of Molecular Oncology, Milano,
	Italy
2008-2013	PhD at National Centre for Biomolecular Research, Faculty of
	Science, Masaryk University, Brno, Czechia
2003-2008	Bc. & MSc., Department of Biochemistry, Faculty of Natural

Sciences, Comenius University, Bratislava, Slovakia



Synopsis of the talk

The accurate transmission of genetic information is essential for cellular viability. Since DNA simultaneously serves as a template for replication, recombination, repair, and transcription, conflicts between these processes can arise, potentially leading to genomic instability. A major source of such conflicts is the formation of R-loops – tripartite nucleic acid structures in which nascent RNA hybridises with its complementary DNA strand, leaving the non-template strand unpaired. R-loops can tether RNA polymerases (RNAPs) to chromatin, increasing the risk of collisions with replication and repair machineries. To resolve these conflicts, cells use nucleases and helicases – such as senataxin – to dismantle R-loops and dislodge RNAPs from chromatin.

Recent findings suggest that these pathways are spatially organised into condensates with liquid-like properties. However, how such organisation influences the coordination of transcription with replication, repair, and recombination remains largely unexplored.

In this presentation, I will discuss our contributions to the mechanistic understanding of the crosstalk between transcription and other DNA-centred processes. Special emphasis will be placed on the role of liquid—liquid phase separation in conflict resolution, drawing upon our latest findings, including unpublished work.

Selected publications:

Sebesta, M.§, Skubnik, K., Morton, W.S., Kravec, M., Linhartova, K., Klapstova, V., Novacek, J., Kubicek, K., Bryja, V., Vacha, R., Stefl, R§. Mechanisms of transcription attenuation and condensation of RNA polymerase II by RECQ5. (*in review*).

Klapstova, V., Sedova, K., Houser, J., **Sebesta, M.** (2025) Distinct Mechanisms of Recognition of Phosphorylated RNAPII C-Terminal Domain by BRCT Repeats of the BRCA1–BARD1 Complex: Insights from Structural and Functional Analyses. *bioRxiv*

Linhartova, K., Falginella, F.L., Matl, M., **Sebesta, M.**§, Vacha, R.§, Stefl, R.§ (**2024**) Sequence and Structural Determinants of RNAPII CTD Phase-Separation and Phosphorylation by CDK7. *Nature Communications*, *15*, 9163.

Long, Q., Ajit, K, Sedova, K., Haluza, V., Stefl, R., Dokaneheifard, S., Beckedorff, F., Valencia, M.G., **Sebesta, M.**, Shiekhattar, R., Gullerova, M. (**2024**) Tetrameric INTS6-SOSS1 complex facilitates DNA:RNA hybrid autoregulation at double-strand breaks. *Nucleic Acids Research*, *52*, 13036.

Long, Q.*, **Sebesta, M.***,§, Sedova, K., Haluza, V., Alagia, A., Liu, Z., Stefl, R., Gullerova. M[§]. (**2023**) The phosphorylated trimeric SOSS1 complex and RNA polymerase II trigger liquid-liquid phase separation at double-strand breaks. *Cell Reports*, *42*, 113489.

Hasanova, Z., Klapstova, V., Porrua, O.\(\frac{\sigma}{\}, \text{Stefl}, \text{ R.}\(\frac{\sigma}{\}, \text{Sebesta}, \text{M}\(\frac{\sigma}{\}. (2023) \text{ Human senataxin is a bona fide R-loop resolving enzyme and transcription termination factor. \(\text{Nucleic Acids Research}, 51, 2818.\)

*equal contribution, §corresponding authors